

BRAINERD DAILY DISPATCH

Volume 7, No. 182

BRAINERD, MINN., TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1908

Price Two Cents

BANE'S

REMOVAL SALE

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At Cost or Less

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20c Home Brand Tomatos per can.....	14c
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25c Bottle Catsup per bottle.....	19c
50c Primrose Tea per lb.....	37c
20c Coffee per lb.....	17c

All Canned and Bottled
Goods at about 5c per
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Victoria Water Lilies.

The giant water lilies which are known now as Victorias, after the late queen of England, are natives of the warmer portions of South America, where they thrive in lagoons and in the quieter portions of rivers. Haenke, a German botanist, first reported their discovery in 1801 and startled all Europe by his description of their gigantic leaves and flowers. Almost half a century had elapsed in fruitless experiments to introduce the plant into the old world when in 1840 the first flower opened on the Duke of Devonshire's estate at Chatsworth, England.

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Decisions of the lower courts almost uniformly have been to the effect that the law relating to the liability of the railroads in interstate commerce violates the provisions of the federal Constitution.

Whether any part of the law is left intact upon which new legislation can be made effective along the lines sought to be covered is a problem. The question presented is the most complex and difficult that congress has attempted to cover by legislation, and in the light of Justice White's opinion it is difficult to see how a law can be framed which will meet the situation.

Some General Law Needed.

It has been desired by the federal legislators to secure an original enactment covering the liability of carriers engaged in interstate commerce, especially on account of the fact that the old rules of the common law applicable in cases of injured employees on railroads, and the many different opinions by the judges in state and federal courts, as well as the legislation in the different states on this subject, rendered it necessary that some general law should be secured to cover cases arising on railroads in interstate commerce.

The rules that have obtained in settling these questions under the common law and under the statutes of the different states have taken into consideration the contributory negligence of employees, the fellow servant doctrine, and also the rule applied in a number of states regarding the element of assumed risk. The law passed by the last congress aimed to cover all interstate carriers and provided that in actions to recover damages for personal injuries to employees, where such injuries have resulted in his death, the fact that the employee may have been guilty of contributory negligence should not bar recovery where the contributory negligence of the employee was slight and the negligence of the employer was great.

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Every possible convenience is to be provided for the jurors. They are to be quartered in one of the fashionable hotels on upper Broadway and lunch is to be served at an expensive downtown restaurant. The jury examination did not develop such a strong vein of unalterable opinion as was anticipated and many of the tales-

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The advantages of buying from us are many—we are here all the time and always ready to please; we take your order at any time during the year which best suits your convenience; we carry the stock, saving you freight, drayage or express charges, and we aim to print your advertisement on your calendars in an attractive and artistic style—giving you a piece of advertising matter that you will be proud to give to your patrons. Our line of

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consists of over two hundred handsome designs and must be seen to be appreciated. We have calendars from 25c to 50c each—price is for calendars printed and delivered to your place of business. We will call on you soon and solicit a share of your patronage.

The Brainerd Daily Dispatch High Class Printing

Dispatch Building

Opposite P. O.



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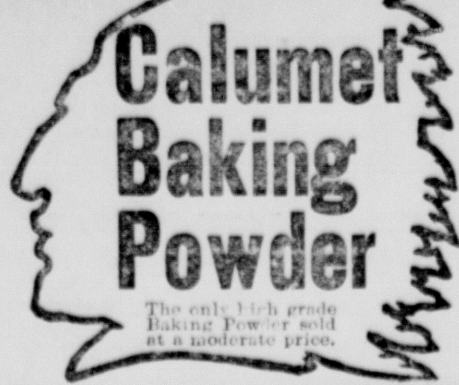
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Opposite P. O.

Always the Same



THE DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year, strictly in advance, Four Dollars

Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St., opposite the Post Office.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn. as second class matter.



WEATHER FORECAST

Generally fair tonight and Wednesday cooler Wednesday and west portion tonight.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1908

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Miss Chalquist returned today from a visit to Ironwood, Mich.

Oscar Carlson, of Deerwood, was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Attorneys Ryan and Alderman went to Motley on business today.

Harry Carlson left today for Macalester college to resume his school work.

Eddie McCabe left for Duluth Monday morning to enter business college.

The Commercial Club will select eight directors at its regular meeting tomorrow night.

The Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church will meet at the home of Mrs. E. Lohn next Thursday afternoon, Jan. 9th.

Try our California wines and brandies. John Coates Liquor Co., Phone 164. Goods delivered.

A special car of 70 laborers for Ross & Ross, of Kelliher, came down from Duluth today and went up the Minnesota & International to Kelliher.

Harold Peterson, the year-old child of Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Peterson, died yesterday afternoon of bowel trouble and will be buried tomorrow.

The growing demand for Hunt's Perfect Baking Powder and Extracts is due to the fact that they are absolutely pure, uniform in results and dependable.

Any one wishing an experienced nurse or mid-wife, call at 502 Norwood St. Mrs. Sherman. 179t

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"The cabin just referred to is a box lying directly below the balloons. It is large enough to hold an engine room and leave space for several men. It is entirely air tight. This will enable ascents into higher regions of the air, where the cold and rarity of the atmosphere would be too much for the occupants of an open basket. Four wheels are attached to the bottom of this cabin, and thus the whole boat can be moved on the ground as an automobile. These wheels are also to ease the force of the descent.

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We have known an old man who had lived for many years in the same hotel, and he had all the fads and crotchets and selfishness of the worst old fogey in a club. Indeed, he had many more, and worse, for a clubman is restrained by the opinion if not by the protests of his fellows, but an old resident in a hotel can hardly be moved from insisting on more than his rights by the combined criticism of all the strangers whose opinion is nothing to him.—London Spectator.

Lafadio Hearn on Browning.

As for Browning and Meredith, I regard the bulk of the work of both as doomed to vanish because of its obscurity. I revere Browning—even though obscure. I have been lecturing upon him. I revere Meredith still more, and I have lectured upon him as the greatest philosophic poet of the nineteenth century—for is he not the only one who has embodied a complete ethical conception of the evolutionary philosophy in poetry? But how much greater would both poets have been if they had written as clearly as Rossetti or Tennyson?

There was a party of French artists who made what they called coffee pictures—a wonderful album. Every one of these artists emptied the dregs of his coffee upon a sheet of soft paper after dinner and according to the suggestions of the shapes of the stains pictures were inspired. I think that the obscurities of Browning and of Meredith are like those coffee stains for the mystic minded. They suggest pictures ineffable, but these are developed only according to the imaginative and artistic capacity of the reader.—From "Things English and Japanese," Lafadio Hearn in Craftsman.

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They were returning home from the theater one evening.

"I wonder why it is," said his wife, "that so few actresses travel under the management of their husbands?"

"My dear," replied her husband, "have you ever reflected how difficult it is for most men to manage their wives?"

And for fifty-seven consecutive seconds she was silent.—Chicago News.

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The only way to treat a condition of this kind successfully is with Mi-o-na. It removes the cause of indigestion, weakness of the muscles of the stomach and bowels, and restores the whole digestive system to health and strength so that it takes care of all the food that is eaten.

Get well and strong by using Mi-o-na tablets. Take the remedy at the first symptom of indigestion, when you can be cured easily with a few doses. However, no case of stomach trouble is too severe or chronic for Mi-o-na to overcome.

H. P. Dunn sells it under an absolute guarantee to refund the money unless it cures. A 50-cent box lasts for a couple of weeks, and will do more real good than a dozen boxes of the ordinary digestive tablets.

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Hobson Wants Government to Print National Newspaper.

TO BE STRICTLY NONPARTISAN

Hero of the Merrimac Plans a Journal to Be Issued Periodically and to Summarize Government Work—Different Editions For Each Section—No Editorial Comment.

Representative Richmond Pearson Hobson of Alabama, the hero of the Merrimac, has prepared a bill for the periodical issue of an official journal which shall contain brief notices of the work of the various departments and bureaus of the government, of the supreme court and of congress, says a Washington special dispatch to the New York World. Mr. Hobson said the other day:

"The official journal is intended to make a connecting link between the government and the people. The project grew out of my work with the agricultural department. I found that a vast amount of most valuable material did not reach the people. My first movement was to take this material to the people of my district, the Sixth Alabama, by a campaign in which representatives of the agricultural department made short talks. The result was like an awakening. Property values advanced appreciably, especially timber lands, and an era of improved agriculture has begun in that district.

"I found that all the departments of the government were issuing publications giving the results of their work, between 150 and 200 all told, yet the vast bulk of the people were not being reached. I believe that the proposed journal will create renewed interest and confidence among the masses in governmental affairs. It will be strictly nonpartisan and without editorial comment. It cannot help but aid the press of the country, not only in furnishing a ready index, but also in creating a taste and demand for reading matter and for additional information upon important subjects.

"It is intended that the issues going to industrial sections shall be somewhat different from the editions going to agricultural sections and that the editions for the cotton states shall be somewhat different from those going to the grain states, so that each section of the country may get most information upon the subject in which it is chiefly concerned.

"The control of the journal is to be vested in a joint committee independent of any influence. It is intended that during the sessions of congress the journal shall be double the size of the issues between sessions. The former will have sixteen pages, the latter eight. Although all details are left to the joint committee, it is expected that the journal will be issued weekly, but it may be semiweekly or even appear at shorter intervals if found necessary.

"The present estimates contemplate allowing each congressman and senator to furnish the names of 15,000 recipients of the journal. There will be additional copies, and all told about 1,500,000 families will receive the journal free. The postoffice department will handle the copies in blocks, through the carriers, thus saving the expense of addressing, the postmasters and rural carriers keeping lists of the recipients.

The sum of \$75,000 is appropriated by the bill for equipment and \$275,000 for the expense of issuing the publication.

It is Mr. Hobson's idea to have a staff of trained newspaper men to handle the news which is sent in by the various departments. Just how the bill will be received cannot be hazarded, but Mr. Hobson has made inquiry and finds that most of the department officials are in favor of it.

CRUSADE AGAINST TRAMPS.

Posters to Scare Hoboes Away Carry a Terrible Warning.

The Los Angeles (Cal.) police have inaugurated a crusade against the tramps who are infesting Los Angeles that will make all previous efforts seem insignificant, says the New York Herald. Thousands of posters are to be put up along the railway lines between Los Angeles and the desert warning all hoboes that the police are waiting for them and that they will be put to work as soon as they arrive there.

The posters are worded as follows: "Hoboes, keep moving. Rent is high and food is scarce. Taxpayers will not support you. Long sentences in the chain gang given here. Sixty to ninety days our specialty."

The idea originated with Marshal Anderson of Yuma, Ariz., who found the scheme worked successfully.

Novel Experiment With a Rat.

In Seattle's fight against the spread of the bubonic plague by rats an interesting experiment was made recently, says the New York Tribune. A rodent was dyed blue and turned loose to find out just how long it could retain its liberty and how far it could travel without falling into one of the myriad of public and private traps set for the plague distributors. The particular rat selected for the test was caught a week after being turned out a mile from the point where it was liberated. In one week lately 2,025 rats were received by the health department, of which 1,529 were paid for at the rate of 10 cents each. The total number of rats brought in since the plague campaign started is 15,831.

L. J. CALE'S Department Store

Watch this Space For Our

Winter Clearing Sale

We are taken Inventory (will be through in two days) after which we will be prepared to give you exceptionally low prices on all winter goods.

Do Not Make a Mistake

By Purchasing before

Seeing Our Bargains

L. J. CALE'S Department Store

Front and Seventh Street

Boys Clothing

Our entire line of Boys Overcoats and reefers at ONE HALF their regular price, also big reduction on Boys Suits. Suits range from 3 to 12 years in size. If you have boys now is your time to dress them cheaply and well.

B. Kaatz & Son

Italian Rules of the Road.

In Italy every town of a few thousand inhabitants has its own rules of the road, and it behooves the automobilist to find out whether in the particular communities through which he is to pass he is to turn out to the left or to the right. If he does not do this, says the Travel Magazine, he must not blame the inhabitants for following in this respect their own time honored customs.

KIDNEY, LIVER AND BOWELS

Sickness is next to impossible if you keep the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels in perfect working order with an occasional dose of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Mr. S. B. Holden, No. 284½ Cass Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich., says:—"I have for years been subject to sluggishness of the liver and constipation, the kidneys were also inactive and caused me a great deal of pain across my loins. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and they cured the inactivity of the organs rapidly and easily. I would not be without them." See a box at all dealers. Write for a free sample. Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

H. P. Dunn, Druggist

G. D. LABAR, President.
G. W. HOLLAND, Vice President.

F. A. FARRAR, Cashier.
GEO. H. BROWN, Asst. Cashier.

Capital \$50,000



Surplus \$50,000

Interest Paid on Time and Saving Deposits

We Solicit Your Banking Business

WHITE BROS.

Hardware and Sporting Goods

We Carry a Full Line

We guarantee every article to be as represented or your money back

616 Laurel Street.

Brainerd, Minn.

Always the Same

Calumet Baking Powder

The only high grade Baking Powder sold at a moderate price.

THE DAILY DISPATCH

By Ingersoll & Wieland

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
One Month..... Forty Cents
One Year, strictly in advance, Four Dollars

Office in Dispatch Building on 6th St., opposite the Post Office.

Entered at the post-office at Brainerd, Minn. as second class matter.



WEATHER FORECAST

Generally fair tonight and Wednesday cooler Wednesday and west portion tonight.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 7, 1908

LOCAL NEWS NOTES

Miss Chalquist returned today from a visit to Ironwood, Mich.

Oscar Carlson, of Deerwood, was a Brainerd visitor yesterday.

Attorneys Ryan and Alderman went to Motley on business today.

Harry Carlson left today for Macalester college to resume his school work.

Eddie McCabe left for Duluth Monday morning to enter business college.

The Commercial Club will select eight directors at its regular meeting tomorrow night.

The Ladies' Aid of the Norwegian-Danish Lutheran church will meet at the home of Mrs. E. Lohn next Thursday afternoon, Jan. 9th.

Try our California wines and brandies. John Coates Liquor Co., Phone 164. Goods delivered.

A special car of 70 laborers for Ross & Ross, of Kellier, came down from Duluth today and went up the Minnesota & International to Kellier.

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"I found that all the departments of the government were issuing publications giving the results of their work, between 150 and 200 all told, yet the vast bulk of the people were not being reached. I believe that the proposed journal will create renewed interest and confidence among the masses in governmental affairs. It will be strictly nonpartisan and without editorial comment. It cannot help but aid the press of the country, not only in furnishing a ready index, but also in creating a taste and demand for reading matter and for additional information upon important subjects.

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"The control of the journal is to be vested in a joint committee independent of any influence. It is intended that during the sessions of congress the journal shall be double the size of the issues between sessions. The former will have sixteen pages, the latter eight. Although all details are left to the joint committee, it is expected that the journal will be issued weekly, but it may be semiweekly or even appear at shorter intervals if found necessary.

"The present estimates contemplate allowing each congressman and senator to furnish the names of 15,000 recipients of the journal. There will be additional copies, and all told about 1,500,000 families will receive the journal free. The postoffice department will handle the copies in blocks, through the carriers, thus saving the expense of addressing, the postmasters and rural carriers keeping lists of the recipients."

The sum of \$75,000 is appropriated by the bill for equipment and \$275,000 for the expense of issuing the publication.

It is Mr. Hobson's idea to have a staff of trained newspaper men to handle the news which is sent in by the various departments. Just how the bill will be received cannot be hazarded, but Mr. Hobson has made inquiry and finds that most of the department officials are in favor of it.

CRUSADE AGAINST TRAMPS.

Posters to Scare Hoboes Away Carry a Terrible Warning.

The Los Angeles (Cal.) police have inaugurated a crusade against the tramps who are infesting Los Angeles that will make all previous efforts seem insignificant, says the New York Herald. Thousands of posters are to be put up along the railway lines between Los Angeles and the desert warning all hoboes that the police are waiting for them and that they will be put to work as soon as they arrive there.

The posters are worded as follows: "Hoboes, keep moving. Rent is high and food is scarce. Taxpayers will not support you. Long sentences in the chain gang given here. Sixty to ninety days our specialty."

The idea originated with Marshal Anderson of Yuma, Ariz., who found the scheme worked successfully.

Novel Experiment With a Rat.

In Seattle's fight against the spread of the bubonic plague by rats an interesting experiment was made recently, says the New York Tribune. A rodent was dyed blue and turned loose to find out just how long it could retain its liberty and how far it could travel without falling into one of the myriad of public and private traps set for the plague distributors. The particular rat selected for the test was caught a week after being turned out a mile from the point where it was liberated. In one week lately 2,025 rats were received by the health department, of which 1,529 were paid for at the rate of 10 cents each. The total number of rats brought in since the plague campaign started is 15,831.

L. J. CALE'S Department Store

Watch this Space For Our

Winter Clearing Sale

We are taken Inventory (will be through in two days) after which we will be prepared to give you exceptionally low prices on all winter goods.

Do Not Make a Mistake

By Purchasing before

Seeing Our Bargains

L. J. CALE'S Department Store

Front and Seventh Street

Boys Clothing

Our entire line of Boys Overcoats and reefers at ONE HALF their regular price, also big reduction on Boys Suits. Suits range from 3 to 12 years in size. If you have boys now is your time to dress them cheaply and well.

B. Kaatz & Son

Italian Rules of the Road.

In Italy every town of a few thousand inhabitants has its own rules of the road, and it behooves the automobilist to find out whether in the particular communities through which he is to pass he is to turn out to the left or to the right. If he does not do this, says the Travel Magazine, he must not blame the inhabitants for following in this respect their own time honored customs.

KIDNEY, LIVER AND BOWELS

Sickness is next to impossible if you keep the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels in perfect working order with an occasional dose of

Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills

Mr. S. B. Holden, No. 284½ Cass Ave., Grand Rapids, Mich., says:—"I have for years been subject to sluggishness of the liver and constipation, the kidneys were also inactive and caused me a great deal of pain across my loins. I got some of Dr. A. W. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills and they cured the inactivity of the organs rapidly and easily. I would not be without them." 35c a box at all dealers. Write for a free sample. Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

H. P. Dunn, Druggist.

G. D. LABAR, President.
G. W. HOLLAND, Vice President.
F. A. FARRAR, Cashier.
GEO. H. BROWN, Asst. Cashier.

Capital \$50,000



Surplus \$50,000

Interest Paid on Time and Saving Deposits

We Solicit Your Banking Business

WHITE BROS.

Hardware and Sporting Goods

We Carry a Full Line

We guarantee every article to be as represented or your money back

616 Laurel Street.

Brainerd, Minn.

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A motion was made by Alderman Bouck and seconded by Alderman Zakariassen that the proper repairs be purchased for the crusher. In reply to a question the city clerk said that about \$500 in repairs had been put upon the crusher the past season. Alderman Fogelstrom thought that if proper care was taken with the machine there was no danger of accidents. The motion was then put and passed.

Alderman Fogelstrom asked that signs be put up and the proper speed regulations enforced on the East Brainerd bridge and it was so ordered.

The council then took up a big batch of accounts which were nearly all allowed as read. The city budget was as follows:

City officers.....	\$263 33
Fire department.....	149 00
Pay fireman.....	47 00
Electric light department.....	441 60
Street employees.....	87 10
Police officers.....	314 00

A bill from a drayman for \$1 for hauling a dead dog and for 50 cents for hauling a load of wood caused a smile but it was allowed.

A bill was presented from Ira C. Whiting for medicine and doctor bill alleged to have been contracted because of injuries claimed to have been received by his son who was on the condemned Laurel street bridge when it collapsed last summer. The bill was referred to the committee on health, sewers and police and the city attorney.

Bills from James Nolan and Thomas Bender for hauling rock from down town to the electric light plant, by the day, which made the cost of hauling over \$6 per cord were allowed though there were some caustic remarks at the expense. Alderman Fogelstrom rejoined that men did not expect to work hard when they worked for the city. Immediately following these came the bill of Joseph Rosko for hauling rock from the poor farm to the city for \$2 per cord which was approved and which drew forth further remarks about the expense of hauling the rock to the dam. Alderman Zakariassen said that he had watched the teams hauling by the day and they were just trying to kill time.

Then the question of paying for the street roller was brought up. Alderman Fogelstrom declared that the roller was only an old second hand affair, simply a threshing engine made over; that the stay bolts were set in babbett and that it would not do the work it was guaranteed to do. He thought that the city should refuse to pay for it un-

less the company would settle for \$1,000, the city to keep the old roller. Mr. C. W. Seville, representing the Northwestern Port Huron Co., who was present declared that the machine was as represented and that it was in good order and all right when it was brought here and left in the hands of the city. He said that there was no complaint made to the company at the time the roller was used that it was not working well. The company was willing to send a man to look the machine over and make any repairs necessary. He explained to the city council the method by which babbett is run in between the bearings on a brace to give it a more solid bearing. Engineer Joseph Rosko stated that this was what had been done and Alderman Bouck declared that it was a good thing and all right to do. Mr. Seville declared that no roller would work in a deep bed of sand and that the machine had never been warranted to do that. City Attorney Polk stated that the city did not want any law suit that was unnecessary and wanted to do the fair thing. It wanted a steam roller that would make roads and if this one would do this the city was willing to pay for it, if not it would not pay for it without a suit. There could not be a jury found in Crow Wing county, he told Mr. Seville, which would make the city pay for a roller which would not do practical work. He suggested that the matter be left until next summer and that when the city got ready to put in the paving on South Broadway the company should send a man to demonstrate in practical work what the machine would or would not do. Mr. Seville did not take kindly to this suggestion, but a motion was made and carried that the city take no action toward paying for the roller until further tests have been made and that the vendors be requested to participate in said tests.

A resolution was presented by the city attorney extending for six months the contract with the Minnesota Water Works company regarding the hydrant rentals. The water company if it was to continue to furnish water for fire purposes after the expiration of the present hydrant contract, on January 12th, wished a definite agreement that it would be paid at the same rates as in the past. Alderman Fogelstrom objected. He thought nothing further should be granted the water company. Alderman Graham thought that instead of the city paying hydrant rental the company should pay rental for the use of the streets and alleys. Alderman Fogelstrom wanted all members of the council present when the matter was acted upon. He thought action on the matter should be deferred until the next meeting as did Alderman Zakariassen. Superintendent Wright, of the water company asked if the aldermen wished the company to defer action in the way of fire pressure until the next meeting of the council. City Attorney Polk stated that the resolution in no way affected the franchise or any other rights of either party and again read the resolution. On motion of Alderman Farrar seconded by Alderman Turcott the resolution was then passed. The vote stood: Ayes—Bouck, Turcotte, Farrar, Baker, Johnson. Nays—Zakariassen, Fogelstrom, Graham.

The matter of the old Rhodes building was brought up and the city attorney stated that there was nothing to be done unless a move was made to repair it. Alderman Fogelstrom said that the ruin was unsightly. Mr. Polk retorted that if anything could be ordered removed because it was unsightly then he and the aldermen would have to leave the city. If the matter was dangerous because of the liability to fire he thought it could be ordered removed and he would look up the ordinance.

City Treasurer Wright called the attention of the council to the fact that there had been in the neighborhood of \$1,300 in bills allowed against the general fund while there was but \$178.00 in the fund to meet them with. There was a small apportionment coming in March, but there was \$975 interest on the refunding bonds due February 15. Mr. Wright stated that had there not been \$400 spent for a fire team and \$1,000 spent on the East Brainerd bridge there would have been enough money to last through nicely.

Alderman Zakariassen again brought up the claim against the county for small pox expenses. City Attorney Polk stated that when he was county attorney he blue penciled a large number of such bills because the county or city was not liable for the bills of those able to pay even if they were quarantined and some of the city bills might have been among them.

It Does the Business.

Mr. E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Maine, says of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. "It does the business; I have used it for piles and it cured them. Used it for chapped hands and it cured them. Applied it to an old sore and it healed it without leaving a scar behind." 25c at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

"Gee, George, how did you get that big tear in your trousers?"
"Jones' bulldog grabbed me. I made Jones cough up \$10 for it too."
"He paid for the trousers, did he?"
"Without a murmur. Why?"
"Say, is his dog unchained yet?"—Cleveland Leader.

PISO'S CURE

A Painful Persistent Cough

portends serious results if allowed to continue unchecked. Constant hacking tears the lungs and exposes the delicate, inflamed tissues to ravaging consumption. The most obstinate and advanced cough is readily relieved by Piso's Cure. No other remedy has such a soothing and healing effect upon the throat and lungs. For nearly half a century it has cured innumerable cases of coughs and colds and saved many lives. For throat and lung affections

Piso's Cure is the Ideal Remedy

FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Bijou

F. E. LOW, MANAGER

TO-NIGHT

BEN HUR the most superb moving picture spectacle ever produced in America. In sixteen magnificent scenes with illustrated titles.

See the Great Chariot Race

WEDNESDAY MAT/NEE at 4:30 p. m.
For School Children Admission 5c.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

De Wolf Hopper in Happyland

Comic opera, with all the value of real music and of dialogue spoken by characters that mean something more than the filling of space before the footlights, with wit that sparkles and scenic investiture that charms the eye, and best of all, headed by America's acknowledged premiere comedian of the musical stage, Mr. De Wolf Hopper will be the offering at the opera house next Thursday when De Koven and Ranken's "Happyland" is produced. "Happyland" will be seen here just as it was presented in New York. The Messrs. Shubert are known for their almost profligate expenditure in the elegant and elaborate staging of their productions. Of all the pieces they have put on, it is said that none is more beautifully staged than "Happyland." It is also the same metropolitan cast that aided Mr. Hopper so materially in winning success.

"At the Unique"

A. K. Hall, the buck and wing dancer was easily the headliner at the Unique last night. His work was fine and was heartily encored. "The Making of a Newspaper," was probably the best film of the evening and was true to life. "May and December" was a love story while "A Night in Dreamland" was imaginative, "France and Prussia," tragic, and "Mike, the Model," comic.

"Bijou"

"Ben Hur" showing the Chariot race, was the headliner at this theatre last night and was a good portrayal of that storied scene. The rest of the performance was in keeping with this great masterpiece. It will be repeated tonight and tomorrow night with a matinee Wednesday afternoon at 4.30.

Mrs. Bloodgood—Would you be willing to marry a nouveau riche?
Miss Parvenu—Why, certainly, if he had money.—Life.

A Cure for Misery.

"I have found a cure for the misery malaria poison produces," says R. M. James, of Louellen, S. C. "It's called Electric Bitters, and comes in 50 cent bottles. It breaks up a case of chills or a bilious attack in almost no time; and it puts yellow jaundice clean out of commission." This great tonic medicine and blood purifier gives quick relief in all stomach, liver and kidney complaints and the misery of lame back. Sold under guarantee at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

DR. JOSEPH NICHOLSON
O'Brien Block
712 Laurel St. Phone 7j3
Open Day and Night

PLUMBING

STEAM AND HOT WATER HEATING

Boilers Repaired, Fire Boxes Repaired and Bricked, Grates Reset.

All kinds of Shaker and Dump Grates furnished on short notice for parties intending to burn coal next winter. Water Works put in an Sewer Connections made.

SHERLUND'S

Phone 67 611 Laurel Street

We Tell

Show this to your doctor and ask him if he knows anything better for coughs, colds, bronchitis.

COMPLETE FORMULA
Ayer's Non-Alcoholic Cherry Pectoral
Each Fluid Ounce Represents
Wild Cherry . . . 6 Grs. Rio Ipecac . . . 2 Grs.
Cinnamon . . . 4 Grs. Citric Acid . . . 2 Grs.
White Pine . . . 4 Grs. Turpin Hydrate . . . 1 Gr.
Sassa . . . 4 Grs. Eucalypt . . . 1-1/2 Gr.
Bloodroot . . . 9 Grs. Glycyrrhine, C. P. . . 4 Grs.
Water—Sufficient to make one fluid ounce.
We have no secret! We publish the formula of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

WE WISH TO THANK OUR CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS for the very liberal patronage we have enjoyed during the past year and especially during the Holiday Season. We have a few left-over Holiday Goods that we will close at from 15 to 25 per cent off, all useful articles. Our selling price marks will not be changed but discount will be allowed when purchase is made.

Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.

217-219 Seventh Street South.



We want you to make your selection when next you buy supplies of bottled goods, Beers, Whiskies, Cordials, Etc., from our complete stock of the best brands. You will find our prices just right and the qualities and varieties offered will include your favorite brand.

John Coates Liquor Co.

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The purchasing committee reported that it had purchased 40 cords of green jack pine wood, 30 cords to be delivered at the central hose house and 10 cords at the light station, for \$3 a cord.

Alderman Fogelstrom from the committee on streets, sidewalks and bridges reported that it was necessary to purchase two sets of jaws for the stone crusher at an expense of \$120 and a set of screens for the crusher. Alderman Farrar wanted to know what a new crusher would cost. He thought it was costing more to repair the old crusher than it would to buy a new machine. Alderman Fogelstrom said that the crusher was in good shape excepting the dies and screen and with them renewed would be practically as good as new. He thought that the repairs should be ordered at once as it might take a month to get them here.

A motion was made by Alderman Bouck and seconded by Alderman Zakariassen that the proper repairs be purchased for the crusher. In reply to a question the city clerk said that about \$500 in repairs had been put upon the crusher the past season. Alderman Fogelstrom thought that if proper care was taken with the machine there was no danger of accidents. The motion was then put and passed.

Alderman Fogelstrom asked that signs be put up and the proper speed regulations enforced on the East Brainerd bridge and it was so ordered.

The council then took up a big batch of accounts which were nearly all allowed as read. The city budget was as follows:

City officers.....	\$263 33
Fire department.....	149 00
Pay fireman.....	47 00
Electric light department.....	441 60
Street employees.....	87 10
Police officers.....	314 00

A bill from a drayman for \$1 for hauling a dead dog and for 50 cents for hauling a load of wood caused a smile but it was allowed.

A bill was presented from Ira C. Whiting for medicine and doctor bill alleged to have been contracted because of injuries claimed to have been received by his son who was on the condemned Laurel street bridge when it collapsed last summer. The bill was referred to the committee on health, sewers and police and the city attorney.

Bills from James Nolan and Thomas Bender for hauling rock from down town to the electric light plant, by the day, which made the cost of hauling over \$6 per cord were allowed though there were some caustic remarks at the expense. Alderman Fogelstrom rejoined that men did not expect to work hard when they worked for the city. Immediately following these came the bill of Joseph Rosko for hauling rock from the poor farm to the city for \$2 per cord which was approved and which drew forth further remarks about the expense of hauling the rock to the dam. Alderman Zakariassen said that he had watched the teams hauling by the day and they were just trying to kill time.

Then the question of paying for the street roller was brought up. Alderman Fogelstrom declared that the roller was only an old second hand affair, simply a threshing engine made over; that the stay bolts were set in babbett and that it would not do the work it was guaranteed to do. He thought that the city should refuse to pay for it un-

less the company would settle for \$1,000, the city to keep the old roller. Mr. C. W. Seville, representing the Northwestern Port Huron Co., who was present declared that the machine was as represented and that it was in good order and all right when it was brought here and left in the hands of the city. He said that there was no complaint made to the company at the time the roller was used that it was not working well. The company was willing to send a man to look the machine over and make any repairs necessary. He explained to the city council the method by which babbett is run in between the bearings on a brace to give it a more solid bearing. Engineer Joseph Rosko stated that this was what had been done and Alderman Bouck declared that it was a good thing and all right to do. Mr. Seville declared that no roller would work in a deep bed of sand and that the machine had never been warranted to do that. City Attorney Polk stated that the city did not want any law suit that was unnecessary and wanted to do the fair thing. It wanted a steam roller that would make roads and if this one would do this the city was willing to pay for it, if not it would not pay for it without a suit. There could not be a jury found in Crow Wing county, he told Mr. Seville, which would make the city pay for a roller which would not do practical work. He suggested that the matter be left until next summer and that when the city got ready to put in the paving on South Broadway the company should send a man to demonstrate in practical work what the machine would or would not do. Mr. Seville did not take kindly to this suggestion, but a motion was made and carried that the city take no action toward paying for the roller until further tests have been made and that the vendors be requested to participate in said tests.

A resolution was presented by the city attorney extending for six months the contract with the Minnesota Water Works company regarding the hydrant rentals. The water company if it was to continue to furnish water for fire purposes after the expiration of the present hydrant contract, on January 12th, wished a definite agreement that it would be paid at the same rates as in the past. Alderman Fogelstrom objected. He thought nothing further should be granted the water company. Alderman Graham thought that instead of the city paying hydrant rental the company should pay rental for the use of the streets and alleys. Alderman Fogelstrom wanted all members of the council present when the matter was acted upon. He thought action on the matter should be deferred until the next meeting as did Alderman Zakariassen. Superintendent Wright, of the water company asked if the aldermen wished the company to defer action in the way of fire pressure until the next meeting of the council. City Attorney Polk stated that the resolution in no way affected the franchise or any other rights of either party and again read the resolution. On motion of Alderman Farrar seconded by Alderman Turcott the resolution was then passed. The vote stood: Ayes—Bouck, Turcotte, Farrar, Baker, Johnson. Nays—Zakariassen, Fogelstrom, Graham.

The matter of the old Rhodes building was brought up and the city attorney stated that there was nothing to be done unless a move was made to repair it. Alderman Fogelstrom said that the ruin was unsightly. Mr. Polk retorted that if anything could be ordered removed because it was unsightly then he and the aldermen would have to leave the city. If the matter was dangerous because of the liability to fire he thought it could be ordered removed and he would look up the ordinance.

City Treasurer Wright called the attention of the council to the fact that there had been in the neighborhood of \$1,300 in bills allowed against the general fund while there was but \$178.00 in the fund to meet them with. There was a small apportionment coming in March, but there was \$975 interest on the refunding bonds due February 15. Mr. Wright stated that had there not been \$400 spent for a fire team and \$1,000 spent on the East Brainerd bridge there would have been enough money to last through nicely.

Alderman Zakariassen again brought up the claim against the county for small pox expenses. City Attorney Polk stated that when he was county attorney he blue penciled a large number of such bills because the county or city was not liable for the bills of those able to pay even if they were quarantined and some of the city bills might have been among them.

It Does the Business.

Mr. E. E. Chamberlain, of Clinton, Maine, says of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. "It does the business; I have used it for piles and it cured them. Used it for chapped hands and it cured them. Applied it to an old sore and it healed it without leaving a scar behind." 25c at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

"Gee, George, how did you get that big tear in your trousers?"
"Jones' bulldog grabbed me. I made Jones cough up \$10 for it too."
"He paid for the trousers, did he?"
"Without a murmur. Why?"
"Say, is his dog unchained yet?"—Cleveland Leader.

PISO'S CURE

A Painful Persistent Cough

portends serious results if allowed to continue unchecked. Constant hacking tears the lungs and exposes the delicate, inflamed tissues to ravaging consumption. The most obstinate and advanced cough is readily relieved by Piso's Cure. No other remedy has such a soothing and healing effect upon the throat and lungs. For nearly half a century it has cured innumerable cases of coughs and colds and saved many lives. For throat and lung affections

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FOR COUGHS AND COLDS

Bijou

F. E. LOW, MANAGER.

TO-NIGHT

BEN HUR

the most superb moving picture spectacle ever produced in America. In sixteen magnificent scenes with illustrated titles.

See the Great Chariot Race

WEDNESDAY MATINEE at 4:30 p. m.
For School Children Admission 5c.

MUSIC AND DRAMA

De Wolf Hopper in Happyland

Comic opera, with all the value of real music and of dialogue spoken by characters that mean something more than the filling of space before the footlights, with wit that sparkles and scenic investiture that charms the eye, and best of all, headed by America's acknowledged premiere comedian of the musical stage, Mr. De Wolf Hopper will be the offering at the opera house next Thursday when De Koven and Ranken's "Happyland" is produced. "Happyland" will be seen here just as it was presented in New York. The Messrs. Shubert are known for their almost profligate expenditure in the elegant and elaborate staging of their productions. Of all the pieces they have put on, it is said that none is more beautifully staged than "Happyland." It is also the same metropolitan cast that aided Mr. Hopper so materially in winning success.

"At the Unique"

A. K. Hall, the buck and wing dancer was easily the headliner at the Unique last night. His work was fine and was heartily encored. "The Making of a Newspaper," was probably the best film of the evening and was true to life. "May and December" was a love story while "A Night in Dreamland" was imaginative, "France and Prussia," tragic, and "Mike, the Model," comic.

"Bijou"

"Ben Hur" showing the Chariot race, was the headliner at this theatre last night and was a good portrayal of that storied scene. The rest of the performance was in keeping with this great masterpiece. It will be repeated tonight and tomorrow night with a matinee Wednesday afternoon at 4.30.

Mrs. Bloodgood—Would you be willing to marry a nouveau riche?
Miss Parvenu—Why, certainly, if he had money.—Life.

A Cure for Misery.

"I have found a cure for the misery malaria poison produces," says R. M. James, of Louellen, S. C. "It's called Electric Bitters, and comes in 50 cent bottles. It breaks up a case of chills or a bilious attack in almost no time; and it puts yellow jaundice clean out of commission." This great tonic medicine and blood purifier gives quick relief in all stomach, liver and kidney complaints and the misery of lame back. Sold under guarantee at H. P. Dunn's drug store. tts

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All kinds of Shaker and Dump Grates furnished on short notice for parties intending to burn coal next winter. Water Works put in an Sewer Connections made.

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611 Laurel Street

Unique Theatre

Open Every Night

Except Sunday....

refined and up-to-date entertainment for ladies, gentlemen and children

Program for Monday Tuesday Wednesday

ILLUSTRATED SONG
By MISS KATHLEEN GRAHAM

1. May and December
2. Epesode France and Russian War
3. A night in Dreamland BUCK AND WING DANCING By Mr. A. K. Hall
4. The Tatler, or the making of a Newspaper
5. Mike the Model

Performance starts at 7:30 o'clock sharp. Come in anytime and see the entire show.

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COMPLETE FORMULA
Ayer's Non-Alcoholic Cherry Pectoral
Each Fluid Ounce Represents

Wild Cherry.....	6 Grs.	Rio Ipecac.....	2 Grs.
Crystallized Lobelia.....	4 Grs.	Citric Acid.....	2 Grs.
White Pine.....	4 Grs.	Terpin Hydrate.....	1 Gr.
Sassafras.....	4 Grs.	Heroin.....	1-6 Grs.
Bloodroot.....	3 Grs.	Glycerin, C. P.....	4 Drams

Water—Sufficient to make one fluid ounce.
We have no secret! We publish the formulas of all our medicines. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

WE WISH TO THANK OUR CUSTOMERS AND FRIENDS for the very liberal patronage we have enjoyed during the past year and especially during the Holiday Season. We have a few left-over Holiday Goods that we will close at from 15 to 25 per cent off, all useful articles. Our selling price marks will not be changed but discount will be allowed when purchase is made.

Slipp-Gruenhagen Co.

217-219 Seventh Street South.

PRaise OF ROOSEVELT

Feature of Speeches at Democratic Banquet.

BRYAN AMONG THE ORATORS

Says the President's Popularity Is Due to the Belief Among the Masses That He Wants to Do What Is Right.

Omaha, Jan. 7.—Four hundred guests were present at the annual gathering of the Jacksonian club of Nebraska at its celebration of the occasion when "Old Hickory" and his host, secreted behind a bulwark of cotton bales, routed the British from New Orleans.

William J. Bryan was the guest of honor and other Democratic leaders of more or less prominence in national and state politics had places at the speakers' table. These included Ex-Governor C. S. Thomas of Colorado, Congressman Hitchcock of Omaha and Hon. S. J. Dunn of Omaha.

C. J. Smythe, former attorney general, was toastmaster. He congratulated the Democrats of the country on their opportunities and predicted the election of Mr. Bryan to the highest office in the gift of the people.

A feature of almost every speech of the evening was praise of President Roosevelt, who, it was said, had been carrying out many of the principles of the Democratic party platform of 1896, in spite of the opposition of his own party.

The moral element in pending issues was the subject of Mr. Bryan's address, which in part was as follows:

"The president's popularity is largely, if not entirely due to the belief among the masses that he wants to do what is right and he is trying to secure justice to those who have been unjustly dealt with. He has made many mistakes and great ones, but these mistakes have to a large extent been overlooked by those who believe that his heart is right and that he means well. This is only an indication of public attitude.

"Another indication is to be found in the influence of the voters. Not since the war have party lines hung so loosely and this is the natural result when the voters become earnest in their desire that wrong shall be overthrown and right vindicated."

BROWN ISSUES STATEMENT

Replies to Criticisms of Foraker and Others.

Toledo, O., Jan. 7.—Chairman Walter F. Brown of the Republican state central committee gave out an extended statement in answer to criticisms made by Senator Foraker and others of the call for primaries to select delegates to the state convention. In part Mr. Brown said:

"The principal objection made has been directed to the limitation upon the use of names of candidates for president as the heading or designation of delegate tickets. It must be remembered that Senator Foraker had publicly requested that state delegates should be directly chosen at primary elections held under the state law.

"Clearly to place a bonafide Foraker list of delegates and a bonafide list of Taft delegates upon the ballot side by side and to permit the electors to designate their preference by placing a cross at the head of one or the other of such tickets is to provide a primary plan which is absolutely fair to each presidential candidate as well as to every elector.

"As chairman of the Republican state central committee my sole aim has been to perform my duties with absolute fairness to all and in harmony with the prevailing sentiment of Ohio Republicans."

SEVEN MEN DROWNED.

Result of a Skiff Overturning Near Kickapoo, Kan.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 7.—As a result of the overturning of a skiff containing nine men near Kickapoo, Kan., near this city, seven men were drowned. The dead are:

Frank Hill, leaves wife and six children; Ralph Hill, Charles Baker, leaves wife and four children; John Baker, Elmer Hundley, Grover Hundley and an unknown Swede.

All but the Hundleys and the Swede were residents of Kickapoo. The men were employed by the Kansas Natural Gas company in constructing a pipe line under the river and had been working on the Missouri side of the river and the accident happened when the men were rowing to the Kansas side, preparatory to returning to their homes.

They had proceeded about a third of the way across, when the boat capsized, throwing the occupants into the water. None of the bodies has as yet been recovered.

Found Dead in His Bed.

New York, Jan. 7.—A young man, believed to be H. Grey Duberly, son of Captain James Grey Duberly of England, was found dead in his bed, evidently of a narcotic poison, in the Hermitage hotel.

Two Killed at Grade Crossing.

Stuebenville, O., Jan. 7.—Mrs. George Keuhns and her five-year-old son were killed and Mr. Keuhns was fatally injured at a railway grade crossing.

IN WHITMORE MURDER.

Police Inclined to the Belief That Two Men Were Involved.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 7.—Evidence unearthed in the case of Helen Whitmore, whose body was found in the Lamp Black pond near Harrison, N. J., leads the police to the belief that two men were involved in the murder of the woman and that one of the men had a perfect knowledge of the lonely neighborhood where the body was found. Theodore Whitmore, husband of the swamp victim, was put through a severe examination and though he frequently giving way to crying spells, he stoutly maintained that he knew nothing of his wife's murder. Whitmore has retained Alexander Simpson of Jersey City as counsel.

The Brooklyn detectives closely questioned Harry Hendrickson, who is held as a witness in the case. He declared that he had an engagement with Miss Whitmore on Christmas night, but failed to keep it.

After a long examination of the husband of the murdered woman, Judge Brannan announced that Whitmore would be formally arraigned in court and formally charged with murder.

MAY BE THE MOUNT ROYAL

Steamer Resembling Missing Craft Sighted Off Fastnet.

Liverpool, Jan. 7.—The Spanish steamer Vivina, which has arrived here from Pensacola, reported that on Jan. 3, when 250 miles from Fastnet, Ireland, a steamer was sighted resembling the long overdue Canadian Pacific liner Mount Royal. The Vivina was unable to ascertain the name or to read the signals of the supposed Mount Royal. Officials of the Canadian Pacific railway at Liverpool are confident that the steamer sighted is the Mount Royal and have decided to send the steamer Lake Manitoba in search of her, assuming that she is crippled by reason of broken machinery.

The Mount Royal sailed from Antwerp Dec. 7 for Halifax, and is about eleven days overdue at that port. She carries a passenger list of 304 persons, made up of immigrants, principally from Southern Europe and Russia. She has a crew of about 100 men.

ENDS THE HARTJE CASE.

Pennsylvania Supreme Court Refuses Millionaire's Petition.

Pittsburg, Jan. 7.—Attorneys for Mrs. Mary Scott Hartje regard the decision of the state supreme court, refusing the petition of her husband, August J. Hartje, the millionaire paper manufacturer, to pass upon the finding of the superior court, which sustains the lower courts in refusing him a divorce, as practically ending the case.

They will shortly ask common pleas court for a ruling on the custody of the two children and the amount to be allowed Mrs. Hartje for expenses of the trial. She has asked \$30,000. Following this, her application for divorce, asking only separation from bed and board, will be pressed.

Hartje's attorneys are seeking new grounds to reach the state supreme court and also to reach the United States supreme court.

SPECTACULAR FIRE.

Threatened to Destroy a Two Million Dollar Plant.

Madison, Ill., Jan. 7.—Sixty thousand gallons of crude oil spread to a depth of eight inches on the surface of a pond in the heart of Madison's manufacturing district caught fire and for two hours the destruction of the entire plant of the American Car and Foundry company, valued at about \$2,000,000, and employing 3,500 men, was threatened. The oil escaped through a sewer leading to the pond from an underground reservoir and was ignited by accident. Flames shot 100 feet into the air, but 100 firemen gathered from neighboring cities managed to save the plant. The damage will not exceed \$5,000.

FOR EVICTION OF TENANTS

More Than Five Hundred Warrants Issued.

New York, Jan. 7.—More than 500 warrants for the eviction of tenants participating in the strike for lower rents have been issued in the municipal court. The papers authorize the immediate eviction of the tenants against whom they are drawn. It will probably take a score of marshals nearly two weeks to serve the notices. The tenants are maintaining a stout fight and announced that the landlords of fifty-one houses had already agreed to reduce rents.

The East Side is calm after the riotous disorders of Sunday.

Davis to Represent United States.

Washington, Jan. 7.—The president has designated Major General George W. Davis, retired, to represent the United States at the ceremony to be held at Guatemala City on Jan. 20, to celebrate the completion and opening to traffic of the interoceanic railroad, the first of its kind in Central America.

Witness in Druce Case Dying.

New York, Jan. 7.—Robert C. Caldwell, the witness in the Druce case, under indictment in England for perjury and arrested in New York on his arrival recently, will probably not be able to appear when his case is called. The condition of Caldwell has become so grave that he is expected to live only a few days.

PROVISION FOR EX-PRESIDENTS.

Grover Cleveland Thinks the Nation Ought to Pension Them.

WHAT THE COUNTRY EXPECTS

Public Forces, He Says, Mode of Life Not in Keeping With Financial Standing of Retiring Presidents—Asserts They Should Be Enabled to Maintain Dignity in Private Life.

Grover Cleveland, ex-president of the United States, in an article recently published in the Youth's Companion makes a plea for pensioning ex-presidents.

The title of the article is "Our Duties to Our Ex-Presidents," and Mr. Cleveland sets forth that, while he wants no aid from the nation, we should do something to provide for the men who have occupied the executive chair to prevent their becoming poverty stricken.

The article, the magazine declares, is "a document likely to become historical, for, while the subject has had much attention and discussion, the few persons most vitally concerned in the matter have never heretofore given expression to any special views upon it."

The following are extracts: "It is most gratifying to note how the private lives of our ex-presidents are made grateful and bright by the generous attachment and spontaneous kindness manifested toward them by their fellow countrymen. The American people are the best people in the world, and the honor and respect with which they follow to his retirement one who has served them in the highest office within their gift illustrate the innate nobility of the American character.

"The truth is that our people, so far from treating their ex-presidents simply as relics of past honors, seem disposed not only to bestow upon them honor and respect, but to continue them in service so far as to interfere seriously with their untrammelled attention to private citizenship and their unrestrained resumption of the occupation of everyday life.

"There is a sort of vague but none the less imperative feeling abroad in the land that one who has occupied the great office of president holds in trust for his fellow citizens a certain dignity which in his conduct and manner of life he is bound to protect against loss or deterioration.

"Obedience to this obligation, which can hardly be avoided, limits the ex-president in his chance of an occupation of means of livelihood and prescribes for him only such work as in popular judgment is not undignified, and it also forces a scale of living on his part frequently less in keeping with his financial ability than with popular conceptions of ex-presidential propriety.

"Our national pride should be rudely touched when we read concerning Thomas Jefferson after his retirement from the presidency: 'By degrees Jefferson became a poor man and, indeed, worse than poor, since he was involved in pecuniary embarrassments. Before matters had reached this stage he had sold his library to congress for \$23,950.'

"Although he expressed himself as desiring nothing from the public treasury, he accepted pecuniary aid furnished by private subscription, with the pathetic statement:

"I have spent three times as much money and given my whole life to my countrymen, and now they nobly come forward in the only way they can and save an old servant from being turned like a dog out of doors."

"John Quincy Adams a short time before he retired from the presidency and in contemplation of that event wrote as follows:

"The income of my whole private estate is less than \$6,000 a year, and I am paying at least \$2,000 of that for interest on my debt. Finally upon going out of office in one year from this time, destitute of all means of acquiring property, it will only be by the sacrifice of that which I now possess that I shall be able to support my family."

"Whatever omission there may be of fair and considerate conduct on the part of our people in their relations with their ex-presidents ought to be made good by a definite and generous provision for all cases alike, based upon motives of justice and fairness and adequate to the situation.

"The condition is by no means met by the meager and spasmodic relief occasionally furnished under the guise of a military pension or some other pretext, nor would it be best met by making compensation, already accrued or accruing, dependent upon the discharge of senatorial or other official duty.

"If, in concluding this discussion, a personal word is necessary or permissible in view of the fact that I am the only man now living who could at this time profit by the ideas I have advocated, I hope my sincerity will not be questioned when I say that I have dealt with the subject without the least thought of personal interest or desire for personal advantage.

"I am not in need of aid from the public treasury. I hope and believe that I have provided for myself and those dependent upon me a comfortable maintenance, within the limits of accustomed prudence and economy, and those to whom I owe the highest earthly duty will not want when I am gone. "These conditions have permitted me

to treat with the utmost freedom a topic which involves no personal considerations and has only to do in my mind with conditions that may arise in the future, but are not attached to the ex-president of today, and I assure you that I am actuated only by an ever present desire that the fairness and sense of justice characteristic of Americanism shall neither fail nor be obscured."

Senator William B. Allison of Iowa, chairman of the committee on appropriations, favors action by congress looking to the care and support of ex-presidents of the United States, says a Washington dispatch to the New York Tribune. In an interview the other night he referred to the recent utterances of former President Grover Cleveland on the subject and agreed with him that some provision should be made in this direction. The matter deserved consideration at the hands of congress, he said, and undoubtedly would receive it. In the case of Thomas Jefferson, who died poor, Mr. Allison said, the government would have done well to pay his debts. At present Mrs. Garfield is receiving an allowance from the government, and he said that to make provision for ex-presidents would cause no considerable drain on the treasury, as rarely have there been two of them alive at the same time.

ASSET CURRENCY.

How Farmer Connor's "Truck Paper" Relieves an Oklahoma Stringency.

At a place called Canadian, not far from Muskogee, Okla., there is an Irishman named J. P. Connor, says the Wichita Beacon. He is a member of the tribe, having married an Indian woman. He has lived there at least thirty years, and everybody at or near Canadian knows him. He has nine children, each of whom has 300 acres of land. The family has about 3,000 acres of ground, and as Mr. Connor is a fine farmer and has brought up his family to be farmers there is enough property in sight to inspire confidence if the Connor name were not itself a financial Gibraltar.

Not long ago in a spirit of Irish humor Mr. Connor had a few checks printed, to which he signed his name, and one son joined in the note. It was for \$5. When he offered it he found that it was good, and the people took it readily.

Then he went into the business of issuing checks, but in a most novel form. He made the check payable to bearer, but not good if indorsed. The signature was not J. P. Connor, but J. P. Connor's farm. The idea was that the farm backed the note and not the man; hence the clause that an indorsement would vitiate it by putting a mere man's name on an equality with the farm.

Another peculiarity of the check is that it is payable in cotton, wheat, oats, potatoes, hay, eggs, poultry and, in short, anything produced on the farm. It is also payable in cashiers' checks or anything that passes for money except the currency itself.

Now these notes are doing the work of currency in Canadian and another town near there, and every merchant in both towns accepts them as freely as if they were greenbacks and even more readily than bank checks from places farther away.

The Wichita Beacon saw one of these notes the other day indorsed by Senator Russell, so as to vitiate it, and the statements made in this article are vouched for by the state senator from the Muskogee district.

MEMORIAL TO BEECHER.

Windows Depicting Puritan Scenes Unveiled at Plymouth Church.

Eight of the series of Beecher memorial windows to be placed in Plymouth church, Brooklyn, were unveiled at the services on a recent Sunday morning, says the New York Times. The Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor, spoke of the windows unveiled and told of the eleven more which are to adorn the church. The eight already in place, which are above the side galleries, depict, with those to follow, typical scenes in the influence of Puritanism on the people and institutions of the country. The subjects are: "John Hampden and John Pym Appearing For the Bill of Rights Before Charles I." "John Milton Pleading For the Liberty of the Press."

"Oliver Cromwell Announcing to George Fox Liberty of Worship and the Beginnings of Religious Toleration and Charity." "The Prayer of John Robinson on the Deck of the Speedwell at Delft-haven."

"The Signing of the Compact of the Mayflower." "The Landing of the Pilgrims." "John Eliot Preaching to the Indians."

"The Founding of Harvard College." The remaining windows of the series, it is expected, will be unveiled early in 1908.

Owl's Head For Hat.

The scope and fancies of milliners are illimitable, says a Paris special cable dispatch to the New York Herald. Immense aigrets, bunches of feathers and groups of swallows and humming birds have recently been employed as decoration for headgear. There is now a new rival. This is an owl's head, which adds to the charm of novelty its reputation as a mascot. Certainly this suits many pretty faces.

Up to Date Bible History.

An old Dutch Bible found in the Humansdorp district of Cape Colony was a frontispiece, says the London Globe, depicting Cain shooting Abel with a blunderbuss.

IMPORTANT WITNESS DEAD

Supervisor Lonergan Assisted Prosecution in Graft Cases.

San Francisco, Jan. 7.—Thomas F. Lonergan, one of the supervisors under the Schmitz administration and who confessed to the taking of bribes in the trolley franchise and the gas and telephone franchises, died at his home in this city from heart disease. He had been suffering from the affliction for several months, during which time he had been under the care of physicians.

Lonergan arose in the morning feeling a slight depression and choking. He managed to dress and make his way to the street, but had to return to the house immediately. His wife became alarmed and sent for two physicians and a priest. The former, however, did not arrive until after Lonergan was dead.

Until Lonergan was elected supervisor on the union labor ticket he drove a pie wagon for a local baker. After his experience in politics, where, according to his confession made to Detective Burns, he accepted many bribes, he returned to driving a pie wagon, having resigned from his office after confessing. Most of the many thousands of dollars obtained by Lonergan while supervisor was lost, a part being burned in the fire of 1906, as he had it in greenbacks stored in the mattress of his bed. He was forty-nine years old and a native of Ireland.

Lonergan was a witness for the prosecution in the Schmitz, Glass and Ford trials. He was one of the most important witnesses for the graft prosecution.

GEORGE DIXON IS DEAD.

Greatest Pugilist of His Time Loses in Long Fight With Drink.

New York, Jan. 7.—The greatest fighter of his time and the winner of several hundred fistie encounters, George Dixon, the negro pugilist, familiarly called "Little Chocolate," died in the alcoholic ward of Bellevue hospital, the victim of a long fight with drink. Idolized in his prime by thousands as a pugilistic hero, George Dixon passed away practically penniless and without friends. Dixon was thirty-seven years old and for many years held the title of featherweight champion.

Dixon fought several hundred ring battles, his first fight being in 1886, when he whipped a boy named Johnson in Halifax, N. S. From that time until Terry McGovern knocked him out in 1900 and broke his heart, no man of his weight ever whipped him. He won the featherweight title in 1891 by whipping the champion, Cal McCarthy. Dixon won thousands of dollars in the prize ring, which he spent with convivial companions.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Senator William B. Allison of Iowa is ill of grip at his home in Washington. The senator's condition gives no cause for alarm.

In a message to the house of representatives, President Roosevelt upholds the civil service and attacks the spoils system of making appointments.

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BRainerd OPERA HOUSE

Thursday, January 9th
8 o'clock sharp

DE WOLF KOPPER

Supported by the De Wolf Hopper Opera Company, including

MARGUERITE CLARK
and WILLIAM WOLFF

in Reginald De Koven and Frederick Rankin's Comic Opera

HAPPYLAND

There are 75 people in the production and the opera will be presented with the same equipment and fidelity offered at the Lyric theater, New York.

Best Singing Company in America

Nothing since De Koven's "Robin Hood" has reached the tuneful dignity of this masterpiece

Prices 50c, 75c, \$1, and \$1.50

Nimrod—Are you fond of hunting? Gyer—It all depends. Nimrod—Depends on what? Gyer—Foxes or collar studs.—Illustrated Bits.

A Lazy Liver

May be only a tired liver, or a starved liver. It would be a stupid as well as a savage thing to beat a weary or starved man because he lagged in his work. So in treating the lagging, torpid liver it is a great mistake to lash it with strong drastic drugs. A torpid liver is but an indication of an ill-nourished, enfeebled body whose organs are weary with over work. Start with the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition. Put them in working order and see how quickly your liver will become active. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has made many marvelous cures of "liver trouble" by its wonderful control of the organs of digestion and nutrition. It restores the normal activity of the stomach, increases the secretions of the blood-making glands, cleanses the system from poisonous accumulations, and so relieves the liver of the burdens imposed upon it by the defection of other organs.

If you have bitter or bad taste in the morning, poor or variable appetite, coated tongue, foul breath, constipated or irregular bowels, feel weak, easily tired, respondent, frequent headaches, pain or distress in "small of back," gnawing or distressed feeling in stomach, perhaps nausea, or "bilious" "risings" in throat after eating, and kindred symptoms of weak stomach and torpid liver, the medicine will relieve you more promptly than you could expect. You will find it more promptly than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Perhaps only a part of the above symptoms will be present at one time and yet point to torpid liver or biliousness and weak stomach. Avoid all hot bread and biscuits, griddle cakes and other indigestible food and take the "Golden Medical Discovery" regularly and stick to it as you until you are vigorous and strong.

The "Discovery" is non-secret, non-alcoholic, is a glyceric extract of native medicinal roots with a full list of its ingredients printed on each bottle's wrapper and attested under oath. Its ingredients are endorsed and extolled by the most eminent medical writers of the age and are recommended to cure the diseases for which it is advised.

Don't accept a substitute of unknown composition for this non-secret MEDICINE. * KNOWN COMPOSITION.

"I don't like Jigsby. He is always running people down."
"Gossip or motorist?"—Baltimore American.

NEW MEAT MARKET

At 205 South Sixth St. where the people of Brainerd can get meats and sausage at right prices. Guarantee satisfaction and sell at a trial order.

CHAS. BLUNT

HOME MADE BROOMS

Made by
BRainerd BROOM FACTORY
SEYMOUR CLARK, Prop.
714 Seventh Street South
Patronize home industry. Ask your dealer for the home made broom

WANTS

Notices under this head will be charged for at the rate of one cent a word for the first insertion and one half a cent a word for subsequent insertions—strictly cash in advance unless advertiser has ledger account with the office, but no ad will be taken for less than ten cents.

MAN WANTED—Call at the Laurel Laundry. 182t3

WANTED—To buy a piece of farm land Address Wm. Tutch, Merrillfield, Minn. 182t6p

WANTED—Good girl for genral housework. W. H. Cleary, 409 N 10th Second street. 182tf

FOR RENT—Two nice rooms for boarders cheap rates. Inquire at McCabe's Restaurant. 182t5p

FOR SALE—One 1200-pound horse. Enquire at Bane's meat market. 181tf

FOR RENT—A six room house at 308 3rd Ave. N. E. Jacob Strickler. 179t6

FOR SALE—Cheap, a barbershop. Enquire of Mrs. F. Swenson, 617 South 5th street. 176tf

FOR RENT—Steam heated furnished rooms for light housekeeping, in the Pearce block. 176t6

FOR SALE—Two fresh milch cows. Inquire of John Vanasse, 4 miles south of the city on Daggett Brook road. 176t2

PRaise OF ROOSEVELT

Feature of Speeches at Democratic Banquet.

BRYAN AMONG THE ORATORS

Says the President's Popularity Is Due to the Belief Among the Masses That He Wants to Do What Is Right.

Omaha, Jan. 7.—Four hundred guests were present at the annual gathering of the Jacksonian club of Nebraska at its celebration of the occasion when "Old Hickory" and his host, secreted behind a bulwark of cotton bales, routed the British from New Orleans.

William J. Bryan was the guest of honor and other Democratic leaders of more or less prominence in national and state politics had places at the speakers' table. These included Ex-Governor C. S. Thomas of Colorado, Congressman Hitchcock of Omaha and Hon. S. J. Dunn of Omaha.

C. J. Smythe, former attorney general, was toastmaster. He congratulated the Democrats of the country on their opportunities and predicted the election of Mr. Bryan to the highest office in the gift of the people.

A feature of almost every speech of the evening was praise of President Roosevelt, who, it was said, had been carrying out many of the principles of the Democratic party platform of 1896, in spite of the opposition of his own party.

The moral element in pending issues was the subject of Mr. Bryan's address, which in part was as follows: "The president's popularity is largely if not entirely due to the belief among the masses that he wants to do what is right and he is trying to secure justice to those who have been unjustly dealt with. He has made many mistakes and great ones, but these mistakes have to a large extent been overlooked by those who believe that his heart is right and that he means well. This is only an indication of public attitude.

"Another indication is to be found in the influence of the voters. Not since the war have party lines hung so loosely and this is the natural result when the voters become earnest in their desire that wrong shall be overthrown and right vindicated."

BROWN ISSUES STATEMENT

Replies to Criticisms of Foraker and Others.

Toledo, O., Jan. 7.—Chairman Walter E. Brown of the Republican state central committee gave out an extended statement in answer to criticisms made by Senator Foraker and others of the call for primaries to select delegates to the state convention. In part Mr. Brown said:

"The principal objection made has been directed to the limitation upon the use of names of candidates for president as the heading or designation of delegate tickets. It must be remembered that Senator Foraker had publicly requested that state delegates should be directly chosen at primary elections held under the state law.

"Clearly to place a bonafide Foraker list of delegates and a bonafide list of Taft delegates upon the ballot side by side and to permit the electors to designate their preference by placing a cross at the head of one or the other of such tickets is to provide a primary plan which is absolutely fair to each presidential candidate as well as to every elector.

"As chairman of the Republican state central committee my sole aim has been to perform my duties with absolute fairness to all and in harmony with the prevailing sentiment of Ohio Republicans."

SEVEN MEN DROWNED.

Result of a Skiff Overturning Near Kickapoo, Kan.

Leavenworth, Kan., Jan. 7.—As a result of the overturning of a skiff containing nine men near Kickapoo, Kan., near this city, seven men were drowned. The dead are:

Frank Hill, leaves wife and six children; Ralph Hill, Charles Baker, leaves wife and four children; John Baker, Elmer Hundley, Grover Hundley and an unknown Swede.

All but the Hundleys and the Swede were residents of Kickapoo. The men were employed by the Kansas Natural Gas company in constructing a pipe line under the river and had been working on the Missouri side of the river and the accident happened when the men were rowing to the Kansas side, preparatory to returning to their homes.

They had proceeded about a third of the way across, when the boat capsized, throwing the occupants into the water. None of the bodies has as yet been recovered.

Found Dead in His Bed.

New York, Jan. 7.—A young man, believed to be H. Grey Duberly, son of Captain James Grey Duberly of England, was found dead in his bed, evidently of a narcotic poison, in the Hermitage hotel.

Two Killed at Grade Crossing.

Steuenville, O., Jan. 7.—Mrs. George Keuhns and her five-year-old son were killed and Mr. Keuhns was fatally injured at a railway grade crossing.

IN WHITMORE MURDER.

Police Inclined to the Belief That Two Men Were Involved.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 7.—Evidence unearthed in the case of Helen Whitmore, whose body was found in the Lamp Black pond near Harrison, N. J., leads the police to the belief that two men were involved in the murder of the woman and that one of the men had a perfect knowledge of the lonely neighborhood where the body was found. Theodore Whitmore, husband of the swamp victim, was put through a severe examination and though frequently giving way to crying spells, he stoutly maintained that he knew nothing of his wife's murder. Whitmore has retained Alexander Simpson of Jersey City as counsel.

The Brooklyn detectives closely questioned Harry Hendricksen, who is held as a witness in the case. He declared that he had an engagement with Mrs. Whitmore on Christmas night, but failed to keep it.

After a long examination of the husband of the murdered woman, Judge Brannigan announced that Whitmore would be formally arraigned in court and formally charged with murder.

MAY BE THE MOUNT ROYAL

Steamer Resembling Missing Craft Sighted Off Fastnet.

Liverpool, Jan. 7.—The Spanish steamer Vivina, which has arrived here from Pensacola, reported that on Jan. 3, when 250 miles from Fastnet, Ireland, a steamer was sighted resembling the long overdue Canadian Pacific liner Mount Royal. The Vivina was unable to ascertain the name or to read the signals of the supposed Mount Royal. Officials of the Canadian Pacific railway at Liverpool are confident that the steamer sighted is the Mount Royal and have decided to send the steamer Lake Manitoba in search of her, assuming that she is crippled by reason of broken machinery.

The Mount Royal sailed from Antwerp Dec. 7 for Halifax, and is about eleven days overdue at that port. She carries a passenger list of 394 persons, made up of immigrants, principally from Southern Europe and Russia. She has a crew of about 100 men.

ENDS THE HARTJE CASE.

Pennsylvania Supreme Court Refuses Millionaire's Petition.

Pittsburg, Jan. 7.—Attorneys for Mrs. Mary Scott Hartje regard the decision of the state supreme court, refusing the petition of her husband, August J. Hartje, the millionaire paper manufacturer, to pass upon the finding of the superior court, which sustains the lower courts in refusing him a divorce, as practically ending the case.

They will shortly ask common pleas court for a ruling on the custody of the two children and the amount to be allowed Mrs. Hartje for expenses of the trial. She has asked \$30,000. Following this, her application for divorce, asking only separation from bed and board, will be pressed.

Hartje's attorneys are seeking new grounds to reach the state supreme court and also to reach the United States supreme court.

SPECTACULAR FIRE.

Threatened to Destroy a Two Million Dollar Plant.

Madison, Ill., Jan. 7.—Sixty thousand gallons of crude oil spread to a depth of eight inches on the surface of a pond in the heart of Madison's manufacturing district caught fire and for two hours the destruction of the entire plant of the American Car and Foundry company, valued at about \$2,000,000, and employing 3,500 men, was threatened. The oil escaped through a sewer leading to the pond from an underground reservoir and was ignited by accident. Flames shot 100 feet into the air, but 100 firemen gathered from neighboring cities managed to save the plant. The damage will not exceed \$5,000.

FOR EVICTION OF TENANTS

More Than Five Hundred Warrants Issued.

New York, Jan. 7.—More than 500 warrants for the eviction of tenants participating in the strike for lower rents have been issued in the municipal court. The papers authorize the immediate eviction of the tenants against whom they are drawn. It will probably take a score of marshals nearly two weeks to serve the notices. The tenants are maintaining a stout fight and announced that the landlords of fifty-one houses had already agreed to reduce rents.

The East Side is calm after the riotous disorders of Sunday.

Davis to Represent United States.

Washington, Jan. 7.—The president has designated Major General George W. Davis, retired, to represent the United States at the ceremony to be held at Guatemala City on Jan. 20, to celebrate the completion and opening to traffic of the interoceanic railroad, the first of its kind in Central America.

Witness in Druce Case Dying.

New York, Jan. 7.—Robert C. Caldwell, the witness in the Druce case, under indictment in England for perjury and arrested in New York on his arrival recently, will probably not be able to appear when his case is called. The condition of Caldwell has become so grave that he is expected to live only a few days.

PROVISION FOR EX-PRESIDENTS.

Grover Cleveland Thinks the Nation Ought to Pension Them.

WHAT THE COUNTRY EXPECTS

Public Forces, He Says, Mode of Life Not in Keeping With Financial Standing of Retiring Presidents—Asserts They Should Be Enabled to Maintain Dignity in Private Life.

Grover Cleveland, ex-president of the United States, in an article recently published in the Youth's Companion makes a plea for pensioning ex-presidents.

The title of the article is "Our Duties to Our Ex-Presidents," and Mr. Cleveland sets forth that, while he wants no aid from the nation, we should do something to provide for the men who have occupied the executive chair to prevent their becoming poverty stricken.

The article, the magazine declares, is "a document likely to become historical, for, while the subject has had much attention and discussion, the few persons most vitally concerned in the matter have never heretofore given expression to any special views upon it."

The following are extracts: "It is most gratifying to note how the private lives of our ex-presidents are made grateful and bright by the generous attachment and spontaneous kindness manifested toward them by their fellow countrymen. The American people are the best people in the world, and the honor and respect with which they follow to his retirement one who has served them in the highest office within their gift illustrate the innate nobility of the American character.

"The truth is that our people, so far from treating their ex-presidents simply as relics of past honors, seem disposed not only to bestow upon them honor and respect, but to continue them in service so far as to interfere seriously with their untrammelled attention to private citizenship and their unrestrained resumption of the occupation of everyday life.

"There is a sort of vague but none the less imperative feeling abroad in the land that one who has occupied the great office of president holds in trust for his fellow citizens a certain dignity which in his conduct and manner of life he is bound to protect against loss or deterioration.

"Obedience to this obligation, which can hardly be avoided, limits the ex-president in his chance of an occupation of means of livelihood and prescribes for him only such work as in popular judgment is not undignified, and it also forces a scale of living on his part frequently less in keeping with his financial ability than with popular conceptions of ex-presidential propriety.

"Our national pride should be rudely touched when we read concerning Thomas Jefferson after his retirement from the presidency: 'By degrees Jefferson became a poor man and, indeed, worse than poor, since he was involved in pecuniary embarrassments. Before matters had reached this stage he had sold his library to Congress for \$23,550.'

"Although he expressed himself as desiring nothing from the public treasury, he accepted pecuniary aid furnished by private subscription, with the pathetic statement:

"I have spent three times as much money and given my whole life to my countrymen, and now they nobly come forward in the only way they can and save an old servant from being turned like a dog out of doors."

"John Quincy Adams a short time before he retired from the presidency and in contemplation of that event wrote as follows:

"The income of my whole private estate is less than \$6,000 a year, and I am paying at least \$2,000 of that for interest on my debt. Finally upon going out of office in one year from this time, destitute of all means of acquiring property, it will only be by the sacrifice of that which I now possess that I shall be able to support my family."

"Whatever omission there may be of fair and considerate conduct on the part of our people in their relations with their ex-presidents ought to be made good by a definite and generous provision for all cases alike, based upon motives of justice and fairness and adequate to the situation.

"The condition is by no means met by the meager and spasmodic relief occasionally furnished under the guise of a military pension or some other pretext, nor would it be best met by making compensation, already accrued or accruing, dependent upon the discharge of senatorial or other official duty.

"If, in concluding this discussion, a personal word is necessary or permissible in view of the fact that I am the only man now living who could at this time profit by the ideas I have advocated, I hope my sincerity will not be questioned when I say that I have dealt with the subject without the least thought of personal interest or desire for personal advantage.

"I am not in need of aid from the public treasury. I hope and believe that I have provided for myself and those dependent upon me a comfortable maintenance, within the limits of accustomed prudence and economy, and those to whom I owe the highest earthly duty will not want when I am gone. "These conditions have permitted me

to treat with the utmost freedom a topic which involves no personal considerations and has only to do in my mind with conditions that may arise in the future, but are not attached to the ex-president of today, and I assure you that I am actuated only by an ever present desire that the fairness and sense of justice characteristic of Americanism shall neither fail nor be obscured."

Senator William B. Allison of Iowa, chairman of the committee on appropriations, favors action by congress looking to the care and support of ex-presidents of the United States, says a Washington dispatch to the New York Tribune. In an interview the other night he referred to the recent utterances of former President Grover Cleveland on the subject and agreed with him that some provision should be made in this direction. The matter deserved consideration at the hands of congress, he said, and undoubtedly would receive it. In the case of Thomas Jefferson, who died poor, Mr. Allison said, the government would have done well to pay his debts. At present Mrs. Garfield is receiving an allowance from the government, and he said that to make provision for ex-presidents would cause no considerable drain on the treasury, as rarely have there been two of them alive at the same time.

ASSET CURRENCY.

How Farmer Connor's "Truck Paper" Relieves an Oklahoma Stringency.

At a place called Canadian, not far from Muskogee, Okla., there is an Irishman named J. P. Connor, says the Wichita Beacon. He is a member of the tribe, having married an Indian woman. He has lived there at least thirty years, and everybody at or near Canadian knows him. He has nine children, each of whom has 300 acres of land. The family has about 3,000 acres of ground, and as Mr. Connor is a fine farmer and has brought up his family to be farmers there is enough property in sight to inspire confidence if the Connor name were not itself a financial Gibraltar.

Not long ago in a spirit of Irish humor Mr. Connor had a few checks printed, to which he signed his name, and one son joined in the note. It was for \$5. When he offered it he found that it was good, and the people took it readily.

Then he went into the business of issuing checks, but in a most novel form. He made the check payable to bearer, but not good if indorsed. The signature was not J. P. Connor, but J. P. Connor's farm. The idea was that the farm backed the note and not the man; hence the clause that an indorsement would vitiate it by putting a mere man's name on an equality with the farm.

Another peculiarity of the check is that it is payable in cotton, wheat, oats, potatoes, hay, eggs, poultry and, in short, anything produced on the farm. It is also payable in cashiers' checks or anything that passes for money except the currency itself.

Now these notes are doing the work of currency in Canadian and another town near there, and every merchant in both towns accepts them as freely as if they were greenbacks and even more readily than bank checks from places farther away.

The Wichita Beacon saw one of these notes the other day indorsed by Senator Russell, so as to vitiate it, and the statements made in this article are vouched for by the state senator from the Muskogee district.

MEMORIAL TO BEECHER.

Windows Depicting Puritan Scenes Unveiled at Plymouth Church.

Eight of the series of Beecher memorial windows to be placed in Plymouth church, Brooklyn, were unveiled at the services on a recent Sunday morning, says the New York Times. The Rev. Dr. Newell Dwight Hillis, pastor, spoke of the windows unveiled and told of the eleven more which are to adorn the church. The eight already in place, which are above the side galleries, depict, with those to follow, typical scenes in the influence of Puritanism on the people and institutions of the country. The subjects are: "John Hampden and John Pym Appearing For the Bill of Rights Before Charles I." "John Milton Pleading For the Liberty of the Press."

"Oliver Cromwell Announcing to George Fox Liberty of Worship and the Beginnings of Religious Toleration and Charity." "The Prayer of John Robinson on the Deck of the Speedwell at Delft-haven."

"The Signing of the Compact of the Mayflower." "The Landing of the Pilgrims."

"John Eliot Preaching to the Indians." "The Founding of Harvard College."

The remaining windows of the series, it is expected, will be unveiled early in 1908.

Owl's Head For Hat.

The scope and fancies of milliners are illimitable, says a Paris special cable dispatch to the New York Herald. Immense aligrets, bunches of feathers and groups of swallows and humming birds have recently been employed as decoration for headgear. There is now a new rival. This is an owl's head, which adds to the charm of novelty its reputation as a mascot. Certainly this suits many pretty faces.

Up to Date Bible History.

An old Dutch Bible found in the Humansdorp district of Cape Colony has a frontispiece, says the London Globe, depicting Cain shooting Abel with a blunderbuss.

IMPORTANT WITNESS DEAD

Supervisor Loneragan Assisted Prosecution in Graft Cases.

San Francisco, Jan. 7.—Thomas F. Loneragan, one of the supervisors under the Schmitz administration and who confessed to the taking of bribes in the trolley franchise and the gas and telephone franchises, died at his home in this city from heart disease. He had been suffering from the affliction for several months, during which time he had been under the care of physicians.

Loneragan arose in the morning feeling a slight depression and choking. He managed to dress and make his way to the street, but had to return to the house immediately. His wife became alarmed and sent for two physicians and a priest. The former, however, did not arrive until after Loneragan was dead.

Until Loneragan was elected supervisor on the union labor ticket he drove a pie wagon for a local baker. After his experience in politics, where, according to his confession made to Detective Burns, he accepted many bribes, he returned to driving a pie wagon, having resigned from his office after confessing. Most of the many thousands of dollars obtained by Loneragan while supervisor was lost, a part being burned in the fire of 1906, as he had it in greenbacks stored in the mattress of his bed. He was forty-nine years old and a native of Ireland.

Loneragan was a witness for the prosecution in the Schmitz, Glass and Ford trials. He was one of the most important witnesses for the graft prosecution.

GEORGE DIXON IS DEAD.

Greatest Pugilist of His Time Loses in Long Fight With Drink.

New York, Jan. 7.—The greatest fighter of his time and the winner of several hundred fistie encounters, George Dixon, the negro pugilist, familiarly called "Little Chocolate," died in the alcoholic ward of Bellevue hospital, the victim of a long fight with drink. Idolized in his prime by thousands as a pugilistic hero, George Dixon passed away practically penniless and without friends. Dixon was thirty-seven years old and for many years held the title of featherweight champion.

Dixon fought several hundred ring battles, his first fight being in 1886, when he whipped a boy named Johnson in Halifax, N. S. From that time until Terry McGovern knocked him out in 1900 and broke his heart, no man of his weight ever whipped him. He won the featherweight title in 1891 by whipping the champion, Cal McCarthy. Dixon won thousands of dollars in the prize ring, which he spent with convivial companions.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

Senator William B. Allison of Iowa is ill of grip at his home in Washington. The senator's condition gives no cause for alarm.

In a message to the house of representatives, President Roosevelt upholds the civil service and attacks the spoils system of making appointments.

Judge A. S. Berry, a well known Kentucky Democratic politician and a former member of congress, died at his home at Newport, Ky., of pneumonia.

Brewery workers of Scranton, Pa., and throughout the Wyoming valley to the number of about 400 have struck for an increase in wages and shorter hours.

An ordinance forbidding women to smoke in the cafes, restaurants or other places of public entertainment was introduced at the first meeting of the new board of New York city aldermen.

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Minneapolis Wheat.
Minneapolis, Jan. 6.—Wheat—May, \$1.13½@1.13¾; July, \$1.13¾. On track—No. 1 hard, \$1.15¾@1.15¾; No. 1 Northern, \$1.13¾@1.13¾; No. 2 Northern, \$1.11¾@1.11¾; No. 3 Northern, \$1.07¾@1.09¾.

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in Reginald De Koven and Frederick Rankin's Comic Opera

HAPPYLAND

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A Lazy Liver

May be only a tired liver, or a starved liver. It would be a stupid as well as a savage thing to beat a weary or starved man because he lagged in his work. So in treating the lagging, torpid liver it is a great mistake to lash it with strong drastic drugs. A torpid liver is but an indication of an ill-nourished, enfeebled body whose organs are weary with overwork. Start with the stomach and allied organs of digestion and nutrition. Put them in working order and see how quickly your liver will become active. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has made many marvelous cures of "liver trouble" by its wonderful control of the organs of digestion and nutrition. It restores the normal activity of the stomach, increases the secretions of the blood-making glands, cleanses the system from poisonous accumulations, and so relieves the liver of the burdens imposed upon it by the defection of other organs.

If you have bitter or bad taste in the morning, poor or variable appetite, coated tongue, foul breath, constipated or irregular bowels, feel weak, easily tired, despondent, frequent headaches, pain or distress in "small of back," gnawing or distressed feeling in stomach, perhaps nausea, "dizziness" or "risings" in throat after eating, and kindred symptoms of weak stomach and torpid liver, no medicine will relieve you more promptly or cure you more permanently than Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Perhaps only a part of the above symptoms will be present at one time and yet point to torpid liver or biliousness and weak stomach. Avoid all hot bread and biscuits, griddle cakes and other indigestible food and take the "Golden Medical Discovery" regularly and stick to its use until you are vigorous and strong.

The "Discovery" is non-secret, non-alcoholic, is a glyceric extract of native medicinal roots with a full list of its ingredients printed on each bottle, upper and attested under oath. Its ingredients are endorsed and extolled by the most eminent medical writers of the age and are recommended to cure the diseases for which it is advised.

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